Fall Risk Score Calculation (use colored red pen for high, yellow for medium, blue for low on vial or med list)

**Medication Fall Risk Score**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Point Value (Risk Level)   | American Hospital Formulary Service Class   | Comments   |
| 3 (High)   | Analgesics,\*\* antipsychotics, anticonvulsants, benzodiazepines†   | Sedation, dizziness, postural disturbances, altered gait and balance, impaired cognition   |
| 2 (Medium)   | Antihypertensives, cardiac drugs, antiarrhythmics, antidepressants   | Induced orthostasis, impaired cerebral perfusion, poor health status   |
| 1 (Low)   | Diuretics   | Increased ambulation, induced orthostasis   |
| Score ≥ 6   |    | Higher risk for fall; evaluate patient   |

\*\* Includes opiates.

† Although not included in the original scoring system, the falls toolkit team recommends that you include non-benzodiazepine sedative-hypnotic drugs (e.g., zolpidem) in this category.

**FINAL SCORE:  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**INTERVENTIONS REQUIRED:   \_\_\_\_ In-Visit Counselling Required \_\_\_\_\_**

A more detailed assessment of each patient’s medication list for fall prevention may be required at the primary care level.

\*Adapted for use by Dragatsi & Co. for initial screening, Fall Prevention Week 2016 from the AHRQ Medication Fall Risk Tools

Reference:  Used with permission (AHRQ): Beasley B, Patatanian E. Development and implementation of a pharmacy fall prevention program. Hosp Pharm 2009;44(12):1095-1102. © 2009, Thomas Land Publishers, [www.hosp-pharmacy.com](http://www.hosp-pharmacy.com).

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